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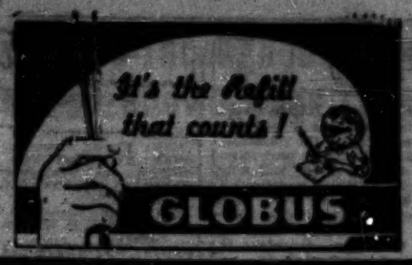

THE JERUSALEM POST

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1960. 1 Kislev, 5721. 1 Jumad Tani, 1380

YES
SONOL SPECIAL motor oil keeps your engine young!

STUDIES IN COOPERATION

TODAY will see the closing exercises of the second three-month Seminar on Cooperation which has been held by the Histadrut in conjunction with the Foreign Ministry.

Israel has earned a remarkable name for successful cooperation—taken here in the purely technical sense of cooperative work enterprises. Ever since the early days of cooperation, this has been seen as the workers' way round the problem of both raising capital and of achieving self-management. In the highly industrialized states the cooperative period is over, for the method tends to prove cumbersome after individual organizations have exceeded a certain size and their membership has become too large and diffuse to provide efficient management. But it is the ideal means of training an inexperienced working population in industrial production, finance and organization; its social aspects of shared profits and shared responsibility are at least equally important.

In its early formative days the Yishuv in this country certainly drew more strength from its cooperative ventures than from any others, for they produced the nucleus of conscious community life. There are probably few countries where such a fund of knowledge and experience — and enthusiasm — for cooperation can be found as in this country.

It is an indication of the wisdom of the emerging African countries that they have realized that for their own development they should look toward such apparently small-scale and difficult methods rather than seek to emulate immediately the private or state capital methods practised in the United States or the Soviet Union. Where there has been little opportunity for independent industrial development or even the acquisition of technical skills up to now, cooperation on the village and craftsmen's level alone is likely to create the manpower needed for independence.

A first similar seminar was held some nine months ago for Afro-Asian students speaking English, also by the Histadrut; the next session in the coming April will already be held under the auspices of the Afro-Asian Institute, which has been set up by the Histadrut with the support of the AFL-CIO of the United States. It had been regretted at the time that it was not possible to accommodate students speaking French, and this omission has now been repaired. There is an acute shortage of suitable instructors for such courses able to lecture in French. They are being recruited now among those who worked in the countries of North Africa with immigrants, while others have spent some months in a "French Ulpan."

Apart from their lectures and regular studies, each of the 50 students from 11 different countries have also spent time in kibbutzim and moshavim watching agricultural cooperation in practice. Almost all of them are senior officials of ministries of agriculture in their home countries, or of institutes of cooperation, and some may have been surprised that labour is in Israel not confined to those who have not the qualifications for clerical work.

It is not altogether simple to convey the principle of self-labour as a means to social and national emancipation to peoples on whom labour was forced in the past by colonial civilisations. Yet it is through independent, self-organised labour undertaken in a pioneer spirit that Israel won its statehood and ability to survive its various enemies to this time. The enemies of the new African states are different, for they are not primarily armed nations across their borders, but a burdensome heritage of ignorance and dependence on Western rulers. While Israel may offer a small number of technicians in certain specialised fields, the aid that can be given through these seminars is of far greater significance, for we may hope that the students will return to their homes and positions with a better idea of how much of their countries' own progress is only real.

Leftists Will Join 'Neutral' Laotian Gov't

VIENTIANE (AP). — This uneasy Laotian capital on Saturday anxiously awaited the return of neutralist Premier Prince Souvanna Phouma from conference in Sam Neua with his half-brother, Prince Soutphanouvong, leader of the pro-Communist Pathet Lao.

The result of the conferences may show how far left this neutralist Government is willing to go to combat a mounting threat of right-wing rebel Gen. Phoumi Nosavan's forces in the south.

Souvanna flew to Sam Neua on Friday after announcing his Government has agreed to the formation of a Coalition Government with the Pathet Lao. He has also agreed to Pathet Lao demands for economic aid from Communist China and Communist North Vietnam.

Two-Way Fight

The pattern of last week's events appears to be solidifying Laos' many-cornered civil war into a two-way struggle between Phoumi's uncompromisingly anti-Communist regime in the south and a coalition of Souvanna's forces and the Pathet Lao in the centre and north.

The fall of the Royal capital of Luang Prabang and the apparent defection of Souvanna's commander-in-chief, Gen. Guane Rathikoune, last week, strengthened Phoumi's hand and left Souvanna with little or no room for compromise.

Souvanna's decision to accept Pathet Lao demands for a Coalition Government and appeal to China and North Vietnam for aid are regarded here as direct offshoots of these developments.

Japan Hides Minister Who Fled from Seoul

TOKYO. — Japanese police moved former South Korean Minister of Interior Chang Kyung-Keun into hiding yesterday as he sought asylum after escaping from detention in Seoul.

Chang, who is suffering from diabetes, was moved from Saga, where he landed in an alien-smuggling fishing boat, to a hospital near Fukuoka, some distance away, "so he would be safer." They refused to disclose the name or location of the hospital.

South Korea yesterday formally requested Japan to extradite Chang so that he can stand trial in connection with irregularities in the elections of last March. He had been released on bail to permit treatment for his diabetes and escaped from hospital last Sunday. His flight to Japan was learned of late on Friday. *(AP, Reuter)*

Japan Votes Today

TOKYO (AP). — Japan holds elections today for the House of Representatives. It is the first major test of public opinion since the anti-American riots of last June.

Prime Minister Hayato Ikeda's Liberal Democrats, fighting on a pro-American platform, are expected to be returned. The Socialist Party has been urging neutralism and closer ties with China.

EL-KATEB MINISTER FOR JORDAN PALACE

Hassan el-Kateb, Jordanian Curtodian of the Holy Places in the Jerusalem District, has been appointed Minister for Palace Affairs, the post held by Bahjat el-Talhouni until he became Prime Minister last August.

El-Kateb is believed to be the first Palestinian to become Palace Minister in Amman.

Guatemala, Nicaragua Said Invoking Aid Pact of OAS

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — Guatemala and Nicaragua are planning to ask that the "Rio Treaty" be immediately invoked against Cuba on the grounds of aggression against their countries, diplomatic sources said on Saturday.

The Rio Pact is the Inter-American treaty of reciprocal assistance signed at Rio de Janeiro in 1947.

Guatemala and Nicaragua accuse Cuba of being responsible for uprisings in their countries.

Under the Rio Treaty, if the Council of the Organization of American States found Cuba guilty of aggression, it could by a two-thirds majority order a suspension of diplomatic relations and economic sanctions.

In Rio de Janeiro yesterday Brazilian Foreign Minister Horacio Lafer said the American nations must help each other in the fight to prevent forceful overthrow of their democratic governments. His statement carried added significance in the face of rising Caribbean tension that has led to institution of patrols by U.S. warships and planes between Cuba and the Central American peninsula.

In San Jose, Costa Rica, President Mario Echandi on Friday night charged that international Communists are trying to organise a revolution in Central America.

"The New York Times" reported from Havana yesterday that the Soviet Union has been urging a course of "prudence" and "moderation" on the Cuban Government in recent weeks.

With some apparent effect, the newspaper stated, it has told the Cubans to quit rattling Soviet rockets against the U.S. and has warned them that Moscow's relations with Washington, especially with the new Administration of President-Elect John Kennedy, counted for more in the Kremlin than the Cuban problem as such.

Mr. Kennedy on Friday conferred with Mr. Allen Dulles, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, on the menacing situation in Central America.

A millionaire El Salvador industrialist, Don Ricardo Quinones, has been arrested on charges of complicity in a subversive movement discovered last Wednesday, it was announced yesterday in San Salvador.

El Salvador's ruling junta, who took over in a bloodless coup on October 26, has so far revealed no details of the subversive movement.

Czech President Leaves Moscow

MOSCOW (AP). — Czechoslovak President Antonin Novotny left by air for home yesterday after having attended the conference of leaders of all Communist countries. He was seen off by President Brezhnev.

It was not known whether his departure signalled the end of the conference or whether he had some urgent business in Prague.

Kennedy Meets Pentagon Changes

PALM BEACH, Florida (AP). — President-Elect John F. Kennedy and Sen. Stuart Symington on Saturday discussed revamping the Defense Department to provide "the right kind of organization" for this nuclear space age.

Mr. Symington, head of a Kennedy-named study committee on Pentagon reorganization, put it that way at a news conference after a 90-minute meeting with the President-Elect.

He added that his study committee on Defence Department reorganization hopes to have its report completed by the end of this month. The Senator said there are at present some differences within the committee regarding recommendations, but that the group hopes to achieve unanimity.

He declined to go into any detail regarding proposed recommendations, but said the Pentagon today "is organised fundamentally on the basis of World War II."

U.S. TOURISTS MAY SUFFER $ CUTS

WASHINGTON (AP). — The Government may cut down on spending by U.S. tourists abroad if the loss of dollars and gold to foreign countries is not stemmed by measures, President Eisenhower ordered last week.

One possible action held in reserve, officials say, is to reduce substantially the $500 customs exemption allowed each U.S. traveller on returning home.

Some officials said it is conceivable that measures could be imposed to restrict the amount of money tourists could take abroad and otherwise make it difficult for Americans to travel. But these measures are so extreme that they have not been considered seriously so far, the officials added.

The Department of Commerce estimates that American tourists spent $1,993m. abroad in 1959. Foreign tourists spent $922m. in the U.S.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Robert Anderson, and Under-Secretary of State Douglas Dillon flew to Bonn yesterday to persuade Chancellor Konrad Adenauer to pay more towards Nato expenses. This week they will fly to London and Paris.

B-G Assures Poland on Border

POST Diplomatic Reporter

The Prime Minister on Friday assured the Polish Minister, Mr. Antoni Bida, that no responsible person in Israel, and certainly no member of the Government, had ever considered abetting any country's territorial claims against Poland.

Mr. Ben-Gurion explained that, to his regret, the question of West Germany and the Oder-Neisse Line was raised during a general debate in the Knesset by a Member who went on to compare the restoration of Poland's historical borders to the Return to Zion. The Prime Minister replied then that the adjustment of a frontier, no matter how justified, could not possibly be equated with the Return, which was an event unique in human history.

The Israel Minister in Warsaw, Mr. Rehavam Amir, was recently summoned to the Polish Foreign Ministry in connection with Mr. Ben-Gurion's reply.

Israel's relations with Poland are very cordial, and Jerusalem is shortly to name one of its streets after the Polish national composer, Frederic Chopin.

25 Drown In Jordan Floods; Danger in Syria

Twenty-five persons drowned as a result of heavy floods in Jordan yesterday and on Friday, it was officially announced in Amman last night. The communique said that an unspecified number are missing. Several refugee camps in the southern part of the country were seriously damaged.

Amman Radio went off the air for some time on Friday night, apparently because the electric power supply was damaged by flooding.

It is reported from Damascus that the Barada and other rivers in the vicinity of the Syrian capital have reached levels not known for several years, and a number of Syrian villages are cut off. Communications between Damascus and several towns in southern Syria have been interrupted.

Reuter reported that flood damage included the blocking of the old road to Jericho by landslides and boulders, some collapsed houses, and flooding of main streets in Amman.

(LNA, Amman Radio)
(Radio in Israel, Page 3)

JORDAN MAY HOLD REFUGEE CENSUS

AMMAN (Reuter). — A joint Jordanian-UNRWA meeting here yesterday decided to issue ration cards to needy Palestinian refugees in Jordan who did not possess them and to newly-born children. It also decided to ensure the cancellation of ration cards belonging to refugees who have died.

The meeting also discussed taking a census of the refugees and decided to form a parliamentary committee to supervise UNRWA's investigation operations.

18 Seamen Drown In Indian River

CALCUTTA. — Twelve Dutch and six Indian crewmen were drowned on Friday night when their freighter overturned in the Hooghly, a branch of the Ganges, about 25 kilometres downstream from Calcutta.

In Bombay on Friday, seven person were killed and 38 injured in an explosion in a bangle shop on the ground floor of a six-storey building.

Five Students Killed In Mt. Fuji Avalanche

TOKYO (AP). — An avalanche of fresh snow near the summit of Mt. Fuji swept several groups of university climbers conducting winter training down its steep slopes, and police reported five dead and eight missing. Twenty-nine others were injured, seven seriously, police said.

There was fear for the lives of the missing as freezing temperatures and dark hampered the search.

Nigeria Ratifies U.K. Defence Pact

LAGOS (AP). — An Anglo-Nigerian defence agreement was approved yesterday by the Federal House of Representatives by 186 votes to 26 after a heated debate.

The agreement provides principally for training Nigerian forces in Britain and gives limited facilities for British forces in Nigeria, including the use of airfields.

Beirut Picks Holes In Arab Boycott

The Lebanese Minister for National Economy, Sulaiman el-Ali, has declared in Beirut that his Ministry will pay no attention to those recommendations of the Arab League's Israel Boycott Office which are unsound and which may conflict with his country's interests. At the same time he will implement those of its resolutions which are sound and useful.

This statement was reported yesterday by the Arab News Agency which added that some Lebanese newspapers had recently criticized the Boycott Office for having adopted recommendations harmful to the Lebanese economy.

Clerics Defer Bid For Algerian Peace

PARIS (INA). — The heads of the Catholic, Protestant and Jewish faiths in France have decided for the time being not to undertake common action with President de Gaulle in order to bring about a peaceful settlement of the Algerian conflict. Cardinal Feltin, Pastor Bogner and Chief Rabbi Kaplan decided at their last meeting to delay action pending the President's own efforts to achieve a settlement.

It was announced in Algiers yesterday that a further 685 Moslems detained in camps in Algeria are to be released. Seven thousand detainees have been released since November, 1959, but an estimated 6,000 are still in custody.

Only One 'Plotter' Denied Bail in Paris

PARIS (Reuter). — A military court here yesterday granted provisional liberty to another of the defendants in the "Algiers plot" trial still held in prison.

He is Jean-Jacques Susini, 27-year-old medical student and president of the Students National Movement. Only one other of the 19 defendants in the trial still remains in prison — Marcel Ronda, 38-year-old industrialist and commander of territorial units in Algiers.

French Jews Will Fight 'Nazi Intrigues'

PARIS (Reuter). — The Representative Council of Jews of France on Saturday reaffirmed its wish "to battle against Nazi intrigues and warmongers" in both halves of Germany.

A Council resolution said that "as notorious Nazis still occupy official posts in both East and West Germany and that in these two halves of Germany they pursue a policy of armament, the Council reaffirms its wish to battle against Nazi intrigues and warmongers in whatever form or location they appear."

UK Ends Call-Up

LONDON (Reuter). — Compulsory military service in Britain came to an end on Thursday, the Minister of Labour, Mr. John Hare, told the House of Commons on Friday. Conscription was enacted in Britain in April, 1939.

Kasavubu Seen Certain Of Gaining U.N. Seat

Ghana Envoy Won't Quit Leopoldville

LEOPOLDVILLE. — The Congolese Foreign Ministry yesterday denied that the country had broken off diplomatic relations with Ghana.

A communique said Mr. Joos Nussbaumer, Commissioner for the Interior, had only announced the expulsion of three diplomats declared *persona non grata* by President Joseph Kasavubu.

At a press conference on Friday, Mr. Nussbaumer said that on October 4 President Kasavubu had written to President Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana demanding the recall of Mr. Djin, the Ghanaian Ambassador and Mr. Nathaniel Welbeck, the Chargé d'Affaires.

This was followed by the arrest on Wednesday by Colonel Joseph Mobutu's troops of the Ghana Embassy Third Secretary, Mr. Lovelace Mensah, who was accused of trying to pass documents to Mr. Patrice Lumumba, the ousted Prime Minister. The Congolese authorities said these documents contained plans for the invasion of the break-away anti-Lumumba province of Katanga.

Mr. Djin left the country soon after he was declared *persona non grata*. Mr. Welbeck also left but later returned and has remained in his house for several weeks.

Mr. Welbeck told reporters yesterday that he had received no communication from the Congolese authorities and would not leave the country except on specific orders from Accra.

"I am not preparing to leave and I do not consider that I have to leave," he said. "Ghana recognized only one government here — that of Lumumba — and we still have diplomatic relations with them."

The UAR Ambassador, Dr. Mourad Ghaleb, yesterday morning paid a brief call on Mr. Welbeck, and some other words a car, visited with Ghanaians believed to contain documents left the house in the direction of the UAR Embassy.

General Indarjit Rikhye, Acting U.N. Chief in the Congo, said yesterday that it was part of the U.N. function of maintaining law and order to protect diplomats and "this protection will be given to Mr. Welbeck." He stressed that the U.N. "does not intend to interfere in the relations between the Government and diplomats."

Mr. Welbeck's villa is guarded by Ghana riot police who form part of the U.N. force here. *(Reuter, AP)*

Adenauer-Macmillan Meeting Next Month

BONN (Reuter). — Chancellor Adenauer said on Friday that he would meet Prime Minister Macmillan in London in the middle of December.

The 84-year-old Chancellor was addressing a meeting of his Christian Democratic parliamentary party and the party Executive, which opened his campaign for the 1961 general election.

He said his meeting with Mr. Macmillan was under the two leaders' agreement to "discuss the whole political situation from time to time."

Russia Calls Him U.S. Puppet

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — The Soviet Union launched a determined effort on Saturday to prevent the General Assembly from seating a Congo delegation headed by President Joseph Kasavubu. It called the delegation an obedient puppet of the U.S.

Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Valerian A. Zorin took the floor in the 99-nation Assembly as the Western powers privately were expressing confidence they would be able to place the Kasavubu group in the disputed seat.

(Later, the Assembly adjourned the debate to 1230 GMT today.)

Mr. Zorin said: "We characterize this as a political manoeuvre of the U.S. and its NATO allies designed to resolve this question in an improper manner, thus exerting an influence on the domestic political developments in the Congo in the interests of the colonizers."

He accused the U.S. of leading a Western campaign against deposed Premier Patrice Lumumba, whom he called the legitimate representative of the Congo. He called efforts to seat Mr. Kasavubu's group "an indecent farce."

Confers with Dag

Mr. Kasavubu himself was not present during the debate, although he had been at U.N. Headquarters earlier in the day for a 45-minute private talk with Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold.

It was assumed they discussed the plan for a 15-nation Conciliation Commission to go to the Congo next week to seek an end to the internal political conflict. Mr. Kasavubu has indicated he would have nothing to do with the Commission unless the Assembly seats his delegation.

The specific proposal before the Assembly was a resolution drafted by the Credentials Committee recommending the seating of the Kasavubu delegation.

In his attacks on the U.S., Mr. Zorin repeatedly referred to the Congo's request for an obvious attempt to differentiate between the Eisenhower Administration and the Government of President-Elect John F. Kennedy.

"The U.S.," the Soviet delegate said, "is now working against a peaceful solution of the Congo problem. The U.S. is openly and grossly interfering in the affairs of the country, spawning new conflicts in the Congo and throughout Africa."

He said the U.S. and its allies are trying to transform the U.N. "into an instrument of their colonial policies." This, he said, would undermine the very existence of the world organization.

Western confidence that Kasavubu would gain the U.N. seat was based on the defeat Ghana had suffered on Friday in trying to get the Assembly to adjourn the debate until the Afro-Asian conciliation commission would go to Congo and report back to the U.N. The motion was defeated by 51 votes to 38 with 11 abstentions.

U.N. Aid to Besieged North Katanga Town

ELISABETHVILLE (AP). — Heavily armed units of Moroccan U.N. troops on Saturday left the southern Katanga towns of Kolwezi and Jadotville to relieve the besieged mining town of Luena.

A U.N. spokesman said the situation in Luena, 180 miles from Elisabethville, was "still pretty grim."

Rebel Baluba tribesmen who encircled the town early on Friday had not withdrawn and their numbers were reported to have increased.

Early on Saturday a two-coach train left Elisabethville in an attempt to reach Luena to bring out refugees. There are still 32 Europeans and some 200 Africans in the town. They are being protected by 170 Moroccan U.N. troops.

MOROCCAN GOODWILL MISSION IN MOSCOW

MOSCOW (Reuter). — A Moroccan goodwill mission, headed by Ahmed Belafrej, a former Prime Minister, arrived here on Saturday. Belafrej said the mission had come on the instructions of King Mohammed to strengthen friendship with the Soviet Union.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The publisher of the "Washington Post," Mrs. Agnes E. Meyer, arrived last night by JH Al for a week's visit as guest of the Histadrut.

The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade agreed in Geneva last night to tighten up enforcement of its rule which requires eventual removal of export subsidies on industrial goods. The 34 member countries also agreed to set up a committee to study means of avoiding market disruption.

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The Hebrew University in Jerusalem announces with regret the death of
Aharon Mendel Shneerson
Member of the University's Executive Council, former Financial Secretary of the University, a founder of the Association of Friends of the Hebrew University and instrumental in the erection of the Students Dormitory in Kiryat Shmuel.
The bier will lie in state at the Students' Dormitory in Kiryat Shmuel from 12 noon today till the funeral leaves for the Sanhedria Cemetery at 2 p.m.

The Friends of the Hebrew University in Israel announce with regret the death of
Aharon Mendel Shneerson
Head of the Organization's Council, one of its founders and its guiding light, who for many years was the moving spirit in all its activities and who was instrumental in the erection of the Students' Dormitory in Kiryat Shmuel.

With deep sorrow we announce the death of our Founder, General Manager, and Dear Friend
Efraim Felix Rzeczynski
We mourn his passing together with his family
HED ARTZI LTD.,
Its Management and Staff.

With deep grief we mourn the death of our dear friend
Efraim Felix Rzeczynski
UNITED ARTISTS, LTD.

With deep grief we announce the passing away of the head of our family
Efraim Felix Rzeczynski
after a short illness, in the 57th year of his life. The funeral will leave today, Sunday, November 20, 1960, at noon from Hadassah Hospital, Tel Aviv.
WIFE, CHILDREN and FAMILY.

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— ★ —
2.30 p.m.: Session No. 4 — Habima Theatre
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— ★ —
Evening: Special performance of Israel Opera (By invitation only).

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Social & Personal

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, on Friday received Congressman John Lindsay (Rep.) of New York. Last night Mrs. Meir gave a reception at her home in honour of the students from Asia and Africa who are attending the seminar on agriculture and cooperation.

Dr. Charles Best, physiologist of the University of Toronto, called on the Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai, and for lunch was guest of the President of the Hebrew University, Prof. B. Mazar.

Mr. Arnold Jacobovitch, chairman of the Buffalo, N.Y., United Jewish Appeal Campaign, and Mrs. Jacobovitch visited the offices of the Jewish Agency on Friday.

Mr. Gad F. Weiskopf, Partner of the W. Feuchtwanger Bank, K.G. Munich, has arrived in Israel for a short business visit.

The Palestine Economic Corporation entertained the visiting delegation of U.S. bankers at dinner on Wednesday at the Sharon Hotel.

The Tel Aviv Diamond Exchange Executive and the Ministry of Commerce and Industry on Thursday gave a luncheon for a delegation of diamond merchants from abroad.

Mr. S. M. Blum, Managing Director of Messrs. Roleo Stern, has left for Europe on Company business.

A fashion show, under the patronage of Mrs. Rebecca Sieff, O.B.E., President of World Wizo, will be held by Wizo, Jerusalem, at the King David Hotel today at 4 p.m., commemorating Wizo's 40th anniversary, as well as that of Klein and Co., who also donated the prizes for the lottery.

Dr. Charles Best will lecture on "Forty Years of Interest in Insulin," tonight at 7.45, in Lecture Hall "A," Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Mr. Ya'acov Derzi will speak on "Insurance Companies, Agents and Income Tax" at 4.30 this afternoon at the Israel Insurance Club, 113 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

BIRTH and BRITH MILA

To Maud (nee Rosenbaum) and Arnold Spaer, a son. The Brith Mila will take place tomorrow, Nov. 21, at 11 a.m. at the Shaare Zedek Hospital, Jerusalem.

Michael Foot Takes Bevan's Seat

EBBW VALE, Wales (Reuter). — Mr. Michael Foot, a leading Labour left-winger, won a sweeping victory over three rivals in Thursday's by-election to succeed his friend, the late Aneurin Bevan, in Parliament.

In a four-cornered contest, he dropped only a little more than 4,000 votes on Bevan's majority of 20,922 votes in a straight fight with a Conservative.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

SUNDAY

All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: Air France 107 from Tokyo, Hong Kong, Saigon, Bangkok, New Delhi, Karachi and Teheran — 1715. Air France 134 from Paris, Rome and Athens — 1955. Olympic 602 from Athens — 2050. Swissair 322 from Zurich and Athens — 2105. B.O.A.C. 904 from London and Geneva — 2200. El Al 402 from Zurich and Rome — 2300. El Al 210 from New York, London and Paris — 2335.

DEPARTURES: El Al 401 to Rome and Zurich — 0800. T.W.A. 906 to Rome, Milan, Geneva, Paris, Boston and New York — 0830. Alitalia 452 to Rome — 0900. B.E.A. 177 to Athens, Rome and London — 0950. El Al 201 to Athens, Paris, London and New York — 1400. Air France 134 to Rome and Paris — 1800. B.O.A.C. 904 to Teheran — 2045. El Al 701 to Teheran — 0100 (Monday).

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ora, 37 King George, 23042.

TEL AVIV: Abramsky, 42 Allenby, 63836; Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda, 42672; Moskowitz, 25 King George, 62850; Shulman, 97 Ahad Ha'am, 64091. JAFFA: Nogah, near Noga Cinema, 81808.

BAT YAM: Hoshalim, 5 Hehalutzim. HOLON: Brizi, 104 Sokolow. PETAH TIKVA: Hayarkon, 54 Stampfer, 911710. GIVATAYIM: Fisherman, 71 Katzenelson. REHOVOT: Segal, 134 Herzl, 86-1238.

HAIFA: Magen David, 25 Gordon, 4666.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Greenwald, 19 Yehoshua Bin Nun, 87972. Dr. Kapler, Shikun Sela 13/2, Kiryat Yovel. Dr. Sher, 42 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Zisen, 5 Shimshon, 30748. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman, corner 50 Sheikin. Dr. Wilen, 21 Dizengoff, 29727. Dr. Mahler, 69 Arlosoroff, 61190. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 9 Hanassi, 5462.

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VISITORS' GALLERY

Cosmetics for the War Effort

In 1942, Mr. Albert Alberman rolled up his sleeves, rubbed a "magic formula" cream into his hands, and plunged them into a bowl of hydrochloric acid.

The place was a hall in London which was being bombed regularly by the Germans; the audience consisted of 250 English doctors, nurses, health officers and industrialists; the purpose was to prove that this cream could contribute materially to the war effort by protecting the hands and skins of workers using corrosive and irritating materials, especially in the manufacture of munitions. It could cut down the rate of absenteeism, generally of women, due to skin eruptions.

When Mr. Alberman removed his hands from the hydrochloric acid, they were untouched. Normally, the acid would have eaten away the skin and seared the flesh within a second.

He announced he was prepared to wash and dry his hands and plunge them in again 11 times, and that the cream would hold up for hours unless deliberately removed. He spent the next year lecturing on his product.

The successful formula was not devised overnight. First he devoured all the literature on the subject. Then, with the chemists of his pharmaceutical firm, he tried more than 2,000 salves and creams before producing the successful one, whose trade name is "Kerodex."

Once, Mr. Alberman thought he had the right one. But in actual practice it was found that perspiration washed it away. The fifth variation on this cream proved successful.

Free of Royalties

Mr. Alberman was asked to find the magic formula by a physician employed by the Factory Department of the Home Office. When he came up with the right formula, he took it to the late Sir David Monroe, head of the Royal Arsenals, and offered it to him free for the duration of the war. But first, he had to convince Sir David of the cream's efficacy.

Sir David was short of time and weary of talk of miracles.

"Sir David," he said, "I'm a Jew and much more patriotic than you are. You could have been born in Japan, and you probably would have remained a loyal Japanese. I was born in Russia, and I chose to be British and I took an oath of loyalty. I don't want any royalties as long as the war lasts, I only want permission to have it tested in a factory."

Sir David agreed, and then Mr. Alberman launched his propaganda tour to persuade people to use it.

Mr. Alberman became an English subject due to a chance visit to an uncle in 1913.

He was born 69 years ago in a small village in Russia a short distance away from Motel, birthplace of Chaim Weizmann. This, his studies and his travels made him an ardent Zionist. He was a good friend of Weizmann and of Nahum Sokolow in London.

Studied in Cairo

In 1904, as a boy, he came to Jerusalem to visit his grandparents. He stayed on for three years, studying mechanics at the Alliance School — he now added French to his Russian, Polish, German, Yiddish and Hebrew — but a severe bout of malaria made him leave school.

The doctors advised him to quit the country. He went to Cairo, where he spent five years studying pharmacy, and incidentally picking up Italian, Greek and Arabic. On returning from a brief visit to Russia in 1913, he made his fateful trip to England.

After passing his pharmacy examinations, he began to manage a pharmacy firm, branching out into the import of pharmaceutical products. In the early 1930's, when England went off the gold standard, he began to manufacture his own, mainly cosmetic and skin products.

Today, Kerodex is sold throughout the world. It is manufactured in England, Australia and South Africa by "Scientific Pharmacals" in plants established by Mr. Alberman, in other countries through agencies. "Innoxa Laboratories" produce a variety of cosmetics. The director of research at both plants is Mr. Alberman's elder son; the business director is his younger son.

It was an impulsive act — like that of remaining in England — which made him donate about £90,000 to the Hebrew University to establish the Albert Alberman Building for Organic Chemistry, which was dedicated last week. "I called in my securities broker, told him to convert the stocks, and to set up a trust fund to handle the money I decided to give the University," he says.

MACABEE DEAN

Lawyers Articles To Remain Two Years

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The period of articles for new lawyers will remain two years, as at present, the Knesset Law Committee decided last week.

The Committee, which is preparing the Bar Council Bill for its second reading, changed the clause in the original Government draft which would have extended the "stage" period to two-and-a-half years. During the first reading in the Knesset, last December, that clause came under general fire, and the law students also lobbied against it.

Another clause inserted by the Committee will make it easier for a fledgling lawyer to change the sponsoring lawyer for whom he is clerking. Such a change will be permitted with the consent of the Bar Council. At present the Attorney-General must authorize such changes.

Immigrant lawyers are the beneficiaries of some other changes introduced by the Law Committee. Whereas the original draft provided that an immigrant who practiced law abroad shall serve at least a nine-month period of articles here (the Bar Council to determine the actual period on an individual basis), the Committee reduced the minimum period to six months.

Instead of losing his rights as a new immigrant after five years in the country, foreign lawyers will retain such rights for 10 years, the Committee decided.

ROCKEFELLER GRANT FOR GLAND RESEARCH

Dr. M. Finkelstein, Associate Professor of Endocrinology at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, has received a grant of $13,000 from the Population Council of the Rockefeller Institute for research on the influence of the 19-nor progestational steroids on ovarian and adrenal function.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
November 20, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court Of Civil Appeals

Before the Deputy President (Justice Agranat), Justices Berinson and Witkon

Esther Toubi and Shmuel Nissim Sajir, Appellants, v. Miriam Moshe & Others, Respondents (C.A. 227/58).

Validity of Will Challenged

The Supreme Court partly allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Jerusalem District Court delivered on July 31, 1958 (in P.C. 62/58).

The late Mary Hanoun Basin died in Jerusalem in 1950. Some months previous to her death she made a will in which she left Shmuel Nissim Sajir, the second appellant, a plot of land. Esther Toubi, the first appellant, certain movable property and gave Menachem Salim the use of the flat, which he occupied in the house belonging to her, free of charge for the rest of his life.

The will also contained a codicil, in the handwriting of Advocate Kehati, Mrs. Basin's attorney, to the effect that if Esther Toubi wished to rent the flat which she, the testator, occupied at the time, she should be entitled to do so for IL5 a month for the rest of her life.

The will was drawn up in Hebrew and Mrs. Basin signed it by affixing her thumbprint to it. She knew very little Hebrew, her mother tongue having been Adenese Arabic.

Esther Toubi, started looking after Mrs. Basin, who was paralysed, a few months before the will was signed, while Menachem Salim, who lived in the same house, had worked for her many years before her death. Four days before the will was executed Mr. Kehati obtained the permission of the Rabbinate on behalf of his client to amend a religious trust which Mrs. Basin had endowed in 1952 and which included some of the items mentioned in her will. The amendments made the religious trust compatible with the will.

The will was executed in the presence of two witnesses while Mr. Kehati, the deceased's doctor and the two appellants were in the room. The guardians of the religious trust were not present.

The appellants applied to the Jerusalem District Court for probate of the will against the objections of the legal heirs and the guardians. Judge Sherashevsky refused to grant probate on the grounds that, although the technical requirements of section 13 of the Succession Ordinance had been fulfilled — that is, the will had been duly executed and attested — nevertheless the applicants had not succeeded in proving that the testatrix knew and approved the contents of the will. He based this conclusion on the fact that the testatrix had known very little Hebrew, and had required the services of an interpreter in order to conduct a conversation with anyone who did not speak her language; on the fact that the testatrix spoke very indistinctly and with great difficulty at the time she signed the will as a result of her paralysis; and on the fact that the only person who could have translated the contents of the will to her, Menachem Salim, was not in the room at the time; and, finally, on the fact that the two appellants were present when the will was signed whereas the guardians of the religious trust had not been invited — both of which circumstances he found to be suspicious.

Judge Sherashevsky refused to consider the question of whether the deceased had given Mr. Kehati instructions as to how to draw up the will beforehand, holding that this was irrelevant as the validity of a will depended solely on whether it reflected the testator's desires on the day it was executed.

In the appeal to the Supreme Court, Mr. Reubenoff and Mr. Aronowski appeared for the appellants, and Mr. Schaerf and Mr. D. Avi-Yitschak for the respondents.

Judgment

Justice Agranat, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Berinson and Witkon concurring, first considered the appellants' argument that once the deceased had been proved by the appellant to have been capable of making a will and once the execution and attestation of the will had been proved, then the presumption *omnia rita esse acta* operated to the benefit of the appellants, the onus of proving that the testatrix had not known and approved of the contents of the will passing to the opposite party. In discussing this argument, he pointed out that the rule is that the onus of proving that a will reflects the last wishes of the testator lies, to the end, on the party propounding it (see Barry v. Butlin, 12, E.R. 1089; Tyrrel v. Painton 1894 P. 151; and In re Estate of Lavinia Musgrove, 1927, P. 2 4). It is true, he continued, that this onus of proof is in general discharged by proof of capacity and the fact of execution, from which the knowledge of and assent to the contents of the instruments are assumed. But this latter presumption, he said, is not a *praesumptio legis* (which can only be rebutted by evidence to the contrary produced by the other party) but a *praesumptio facti*, which is only a reasonable probability and may be offset by any circumstances which excite the suspicions of the court, demanding "its vigilant care and circumspection ... in investigating the case, and calling upon it not to grant probate without full and entire satisfaction that the instrument did express the real intentions of the deceased" (Parke J., in Barry v. Butlin, p. 1091). It is, therefore, to be held for those who propound the will to remove any such suspicions affirmatively that the testator approved of the contents of the will.

Furthermore, he continued, Justice Agranat held that as it had been proved that the testatrix could not have understood the contents of the will without having them explained to her by someone who knew Adenese Arabic, and as there was no evidence that this had been done, therefore the onus of proof that the will reflected her last wishes and intentions was on the appellants who sought to propound it. This onus, he pointed out, had not been discharged by the appellants.

Furthermore, he continued, there was at least one suspicious circumstance which off-set the *praesumptio facti* if it had in fact operated, and this was that the two appellants had been present in the room when the deceased had signed the will whereas the guardians of the religious trust had not been there, although the terms of the will appreciably affected the endowment. Finally, the fact that the testatrix was practically incapable of talking articulately on the day she signed the will made it very difficult indeed to comprehend how she had conveyed her intention of giving the first appellant the right to occupy her flat at a nominal rent of IL5 per month, particularly since the only person capable of understanding her language — Menachem Nissim — was not in the room at the time. Insofar as the codicil to the will is concerned, therefore, held Justice Agranat, affirmative proof was most certainly required that it reflected the wishes and intentions of the testatrix.

As Per Instructions

Justice Agranat then went on to consider the appellant's second argument — that from the fact that the deceased had given Advocate Kehati instructions as to how to draft her will a few days previously, that he had carried out her instructions to the letter and she had afterwards signed the will under the impression that it was drafted in accordance with her instructions, it must be presumed that the contents of the instruments were known to and approved of by her. Judge Sherashevky, he said, had given no consideration to this argument as he had been of the opinion that only the wishes and intentions of the testator on the day the will was signed were of any relevance. In this he had erred, however, for the rule established in English jurisprudence is that if a testator has at some time given a solicitor instructions to make a will, the solicitor prepares the will in accordance with these instructions and afterwards the testator signs the will on the presumption that his solicitor has given effect to his intentions, then it may be concluded that he knew and approved of its contents, even though before signing it he did not read it over or was not capable of reading it or of following what was written in it when read to him. (See Parker v. Feldgate, 8 P.D. 171; Perera v. Perera, 1901, A.C. 354; Batran Singh v. Amirchard, 1948, A.C. 161; and Winter v. Nye, above).

In the light of the above principles it is clear, held Justice Agranat, that in order to decide whether the testatrix in the present case had known and approved of the contents of the will, the appellants' story that Mr. Kehati had been given instructions as to how to draw up the will a few days previously should have been examined. As the District Court had failed to do this, the case should, therefore, be returned in order to elucidate this point. This would not, however, he continued, affect the question of the codicil to the will, which had been added at the time the deceased signed the will.

Appeal allowed.

Judgment given on October 21, 1960.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• **Tours:** —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for the tour by phoning 24061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibition. Today 10-12.

• **Film Shows:** —
Israel films — daily showings: Keren Hayesod Hall, 12-1 p.m.

• **Christian Fellowship Vespers:** Y.M.C.A. Lounge, 6.30 p.m., after carillon music.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Jerusalem Artists House with Municipality Dept. of Education and Culture: Exhibition of paintings by G. Krakauer-Wolf and of drawings by Shemuel Katz, 10-1; 4-7.

Fima — Exhibition of oils and gouaches 1958-60. Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka. Tel. 28523. 9-1, 4-7, 9-11.30.

Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 28737. Purchases mailed upon request. Today 9-1, 3-7.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition. Binyanei Ha'ooma. 10-1, 4-6.

Bezalel National Museum :— Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Drawings by the Dutch artist Paul Citroen. "Through the Archway" — drawings by Gabriella Rosenthal. Jewish Textiles — from the Museum's collection. German prints of the 19th century — from the Museum's Collection. 9-1, 2.30-5.

Bezalel Art Library: Books on primitive modern painting (from Henri Rousseau to Camille Bombois). New acquisitions. 9-1, 2.30-5.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions: colour plates of UNESCO books, "Israel — Ancient mosaics." New coin hoard of Alexander. Excavations at Tel Mor, Mesad Hashavyahu. Pottery brought from Lake Tiberias by the Link expedition. Also permanent exhibition of antiquities.

• **Zoo:** —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 9-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• **Theatre:** —
Ohel: "The Turncoat". Premiere, 8.30.

• **Documentary Films:** —
Z.O.A. House, 6.30.

• **Paris Ice Ballet:** —
Kikar Hamedina, 8.30.

• **Dine and Dance:** —
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 32973.

Lucky's Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd. Tel. 23752. Chef di Cucina Italiano, menu IL4.50

Casba, Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, International Cuisine. Lunch IL5. Aperitif, Dinner-Dance. Tel. 42617.

• **Tours:** —
Bar Ilan University: conducted tours (9-5 daily, except Saturdays and holidays). Tel. 73880.

• **Tourist Service:** —
Visit Hadassah Club, 30 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239.

Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 36325. 8 a.m.-2 p.m.

Z.O.A. House, 9 a.m.-9 p.m. daily.

• **Zoological Gardens:** —
Open 9 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Israel Painters and Sculptors Association: "City Landscape." Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi. 10-1, 4-6.

Helena Rubinstein pavilion: Contemporary French Art Exhibition (112 paintings by 60 leading French artists, sent by the French Government). 10-1, 4-9.

Dizengoff House: — Avraham Naton Memorial Exhibition, examples from all periods of his paintings. Museum Collection: 10-1, 4-7.

Z.O.A. House, exhibition of oil paintings by Daphna O. Dostrovsky 10 a.m.—8 p.m.

HAIFA

• **Tourist Centre:** —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 33 Hehaluts, Tel. 4876, 67365.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Office Furniture and Supplies Exhibition, Nov. 1—Dec. 1. Beit Hakranot Exhibition Centre: daily, 10-1; 4-7. Tuesday open until 9 p.m. Friday, 1 p.m. Entrance free.

Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi, flowers in Japanese art. 10-1; 4-7.

Jubilee Exhibition of Jerusalem Painter, Shmuel Levi. Chagall House, 24 Shderot UNO. 10-1, 4-7.

BEERSHEBA

• **Where to Dine:** —
Eat well and in comfort at the air-conditioned Beit Ha'am Restaurant, Sheber Community Centre.

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ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
421, 256.4, 240, 220 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.00, 7.00 and 7.30 a.m., 1.30, 3.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 6.55 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Bizet: "Jeux d'Enfants"; Saint-Saens: Cello Concerto in A-minor; Tchaikowsky: "Francesca da Rimini"; Khatchaturian: Sabre Dance. 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 12.45 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Special Programme for Tourists — by Y. Lev. 5.05 Announcements. 5.06 "For Your Health" — talk by Dr. H. Valgarin. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 Youth Corner. 6.00 Daily News Service for the Agriculturer. 6.25 "Young Artists": Edna Mishal (Violin); Benjamin Frankel: Sonata, for Unaccompanied Violin. 6.50 "Music for Sunday" — A special programme for the Christian Communities: Johannes Okeghem: Kyrie and Gloria; Orlando di Lasso: Motet; Jacob Handl: Motet; Pierre de Manchicourt: Mass. 7.30 "Let's Sing a Song." 7.40 Daily Hebrew. 7.45 "Sport"—Series of programmes on Police activities. 8.15 Aria da Capoccries written by M. Chad & presented by L. Foratt. 8.22 Bible Reading: Samuel I, Chaps. 3 & 4. 8.35 Announcements. 9.15 "Jazz aux Champs Elysees" (relayed from the Jerusalem Convention Hall). 11.40 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
480, 397.7, 433 & 33.3 M.

Commercial Programme: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcement. 5.06 "Tunes & Melodies." 5.40 Evening's Star. 5.55 News & Weather Forecast. 6.00 Hebrew Songs. 6.15 "Coffee & Symphony." 6.30 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.30 Rumanian. 6.45 Hungarian. 7.00 French. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Magrabit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Yiddish. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 "Jazz aux Champs Elysees"—relayed from the Jerusalem Convention Hall.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 41.1 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.25-7.15 a.m., 1.10-2.15 and 6.35-11.15 p.m., 3.15-4.00.

KOL YISRAEL LAOOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to the U.S.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Heritage. 10.40 "In the Jewish World."

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Heritage. 7.10 "In the Jewish World."

ARMY PROGRAMME (214, 218 and 350 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.06 Request Programme. 6.40 "Tunes and Rhythm." 6.55 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 Classical Request Programme — Works by Mozart "Symphony Chain, Piano-Trio in A Chabrier. 9.30 "Entry Ticket." 9.50 Army's Diary. 9.55 Nations' Songs. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm." 9.30 Debate on a Record. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS:
(25.12, 31.55 & 19.81 M.)

7.15-7.45 p.m. News. Actualities.

MUSIC U.S.A.; VOICE OF AMERICA — English Programme: 1.00 a.m. News; News Analysis; 1.15 Report to South Asia: Have You a Question? Ken Ludlam and Paul Stevens Answer Questions on Some Phase of Life in U.S. 2.00 Repeat of 7.00. 2.15 Repeat of 1.15. 3.00 News. 3.15 Religion Today, to be Announced. 12.00 News. 12.15 Religion Today, to be Announced. 12.30 Listener's Log — Science Program. 1.00 p.m. Report to South Asia. News: Have you a Question: Ken Ludlam and Paul Stevens Answer Questions on Some Phase of Life in U.S. 2.00 News; News Analysis. 2.15 Laboriand Economics — John Herling & Joseph Slevin Subject; to be Announced. 3.00 News; News Analysis. Music U.S.A. (Popular): Duke Ellington, Ella Fitzgerald, Nat Cole, others. 9.15 Report to South Asia — Have You a Question? Ken Ludlam and Paul Stevens Answer Questions on Some Phase of Life in U.S. 4.00 News: World Press Roundup. 4.30 Listener's Log (Repeat of 12.30). 4.30 Music. U.S.A. (Jazz) — Ben Webster, Gene Krupa, Kenny Burrell, Louis Bellson. 5.00 News. 5.15 Musical Life in the United States — 1960 Aspen Festival.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 498 M.): News; 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m. 7.45 Sm. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 3.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 6.45 The Lantis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Danger Point.

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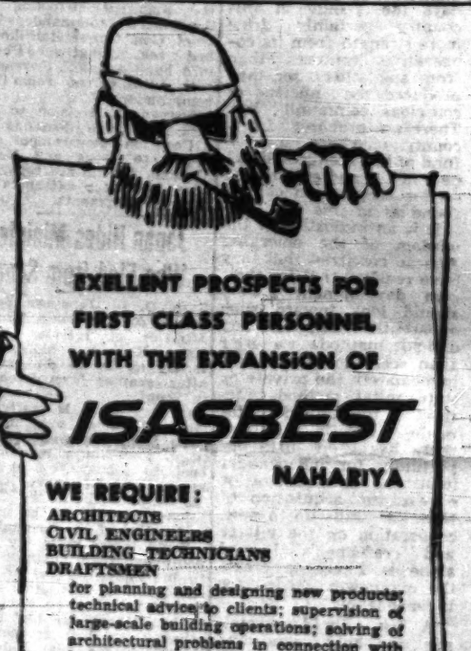
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Cinemas

JERUSALEM
(2.30, 6.45, 9.00)

ARMON: They Were Ten
CHEN: Blazing Sands
EDEN: The Naked Maja
EDISON: John Paul Jones
HABIRAH: Sapphire (2.30, 6.45, 9)
JESUSALEM: Casino De Paris
OR-ZION: Fine de Whisky Four Callaghan
ORION: Song Without End (also at 10.30 a.m.)
ORNA: Shadow of Fear
ROZ: Scampolo (also at 10.30)
SEMADAR: Hiroshima Mon Amour
STUDIO: Carry On Nurse
TEL OR: No Time For Tears
ZION HALL: Elephant Walk

TEL AVIV
2.30, 7.15, 9.30

ALLENBY: Die Schoene Lueg-ueria
ARMON DAVID: The F.B.I. Story
BEN YEHUDA: Mi Ultimo Tango (4, 7.15, 9.30)
CHEN: They Were Ten
EDEN: Days and Nights
ESTHER: Home From the Hill
GAT: L'Amerique Insolite
HOD: L'Ange Bale
MIGDALOR: Le Cercle Vicieux
MOGRABI: Strangers When We Meet
OPHIR: Marisol
ORION: A Summer Place
PARIS: Le Chemeur de Clochemerle (4, 7.30, 9.30)
PEER: But Not For Me
RAMAT GAN: Goliath and the Barbarians (4, 7.15, 9.15)

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: The Story of Ruth
ARMON: Odds Against Tomorrow
ATZMON: A Summer Place (4.15, 9.15)
EN DOR: Pasforio Gerstyn (6.45, 9)
GAL ON: High Flight
MAY: Conspiracy of Hearts
MIRON: Femmes d'un Ete
MORIAH: Die Ratten
ORAH: Five Branded Women
ORION: Strangers from Bombay
ORLY: The Passionate Stranger (6.45, 9)
PEER: Le Bagne des Filles Perdues
TAMAR: They Came to Cordura

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TEL AVIV

TAMAR: Mambo Bar (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.15)
TCHELET: Boris Godunov
TEL AVIV: Wild River (2.30, 7.15, 9.15)
TARON: The Apartment
TAFON: The Royal Ballet
YAMIR: I Want to Live

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Story of Ruth
ARMON: Odds Against Tomorrow
ATZMON: A Summer Place (4.15, 9.15)
EN DOR: Pasforio Gerstyn (6.45, 9)
GAL ON: High Flight
MAY: Conspiracy of Hearts
MIRON: Femmes d'un Ete
MORIAH: Die Ratten
ORAH: Five Branded Women
ORION: Strangers from Bombay
ORLY: The Passionate Stranger (6.45, 9)
PEER: Le Bagne des Filles Perdues
TAMAR: They Came to Cordura

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy with isolated showers in the north-west.

Weather Synopsis: A depression over Cyprus which caused widespread showers in our region has moved eastward and a ridge of high pressure, approaching from the west, will cause gradually fairer weather.

	A	B	C
Mt. Canaan	75	10—15	9—17
Tiberias	67	13—25	13—27
Haifa Port	64	15—23	16—24
Natanya	66	17—23	16—25
T.A. Kirya	66	18—23	18—24
Lydda Airp.	62	16—26	13—25
Jerusalem	52	11—17	10—18
Beersheba	62	14—30	11—28
Eilat	44	17—27	17—27

ARRIVALS

Mr. Natan Peled, Israel Minister to Bulgaria, for consultations.

Mr. Pereg Bernstein, General Zionist M.K., after attending the U.N. General Assembly, as a member of the Israel delegation.

Prof. Sasha Popov, conductor of the Sofia Philharmonic Orchestra and a member of the faculty of the Sofia Academy of Music, to conduct two performances of the Kol Yisrael orchestra (by El Al).

Mr. and Mrs. Abe Pritzker of Chicago, and Mrs. Benjamin S. Hornstein, to tour Israel under the auspices of the UJA.

Mr. Carlos da Negri, of the Mexican newspaper "Excelsior," for a five-day visit.

Mr. Hazzai Esbed, political correspondent of "Davar," from the U.S. and Europe.

Mr. Werner Braun, Jerusalem press photographer, from a three-month trip to Europe.

A. Shneerson, Hebrew U. Executive, at 75

The death took place in Jerusalem yesterday of Aharon Mendel Shneerson, a member of the Executive Council of the Hebrew University. He was 75.

Mr. Shneerson immigrated to Palestine in 1920 and for 20 years served as the Hebrew University's Financial Secretary. In 1934, together with Beri Katznelson, Haim Nahman Bialik, and Mennhem Ussishkin, he founded the Association of Friends of the Hebrew University. In 1946 he went to Poland where he managed to collect some 100,000 volumes of Judaica and have them shipped to this country.

He is survived by his wife, a son, Mordechai, who is Ambassador to Mexico, and a daughter, Sarah, who is the wife of Professor Dvoretzky, the Vice-President of the Hebrew University.

The funeral will leave at two o'clock this afternoon for the Sanhedria cemetery from the Student's Dormitory in Kiryat Shmuel.

Winners of Defence Loan Drawing

In the eighth Defence Loan draw which took place in Jerusalem Thursday, number 85846 won IL50,000 and number 76660 won IL10,000.

The following numbers won IL5,000 each: 70961; 80600; 87620; 68962; 1106; 22649; 53395; and 85350; nos. 8392; 41987; 16558; 49957; 13154; 35767; 40664; 94834; and 10174 won IL2,500 each and nos 57518; 75307; 62507; 38024; 31870; 73078; 48904; 13757; 95301; 8787; 82950; 9111; 18941; 89095; 19493; 20401; 2580; 61491; 61154; and 7619 won IL1,000 each.

Rain Falls Throughout Israel; Further Showers for Today

Jerusalem Post Staff

Rain fell in most parts of Israel on Friday and Saturday, raising the hopes of those farmers in the South who sowed their fields early and feared a dry period after the first rains of two weeks ago, which caused premature sprouting.

The weatherman predicted last night that today would be partly cloudy, with scattered showers in the morning and good prospects for fair weather in the afternoon.

In the Capital the weekend's precipitation got under way with a heavy down-pour late Thursday night. Rain fell intermittently Friday afternoon and quite heavily again on Friday night and most of yesterday morning.

The Tel Aviv area enjoyed a pleasant, cool, but rainless day on Saturday after two days of heavy intermittent downpours.

In Haifa, the heaviest rain fell on Friday morning, 18.4 mm. being recorded by noon. Yesterday was clear and warm, and thousands of people were seen strolling on Mt. Carmel.

Electrical storms were reported from Ashkelon, and work in the fields and orange groves around the city was stopped. Farmers expressed satisfaction with the situation as far as field-crops are concerned, but emphasized that the rainfall was not yet sufficient to allow them to stop irrigating citrus groves.

Some 4 mm. of light rain fell in the Negev, soaking into the soil. This season's total for Beersheba is 30 mm., with 37 mm. recorded in Dimona to date.

Kibbutz Nahal Oz, next to the Gaza Strip, reported 35 mm. of rain over the past two days, bringing the total for this season to 55mm. Negba and Gvar Am reported 19 and 22mm. respectively.

There was some rain in Tiberias on Friday, but yesterday was clear.

Safad reported 18 mm. over the week-end, bringing this year's total to 68.5 mm.

Last Pre-Christmas Citrus Shipped

HAIFA. — [illegible] cases of grapefruit, [illegible] and lemons are leaving [illegible]-board the Swedish freighter [illegible] Stockholm, tonight, just in time for pre-Christmas sales in Holland, Finland and [illegible]. This will bring the season's citrus shipments up to 400,000 cases by the end of November.

Loading was slowed down on Friday morning by torrential rains.

Child Suffocates At Mother's Side

BEIT SHEMESH. — A six-month-old infant, David Tolto, of Moshav Lozit, died of suffocation on Friday night. It is believed that the accident occurred when he was drinking milk from his bottle. His mother was asleep beside him.

He was rushed by ambulance to Beit Shemesh, where the duty physician pronounced him dead.

Schoolchildren To Honour Degania

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KFAR SABA. — A bill which will oblige the country's schoolchildren to take a day off school every year to go out to settlements and agricultural schools and work there on the anniversary of the foundation of Degania will be tabled in the Knesset shortly. The bill was drawn up by a special ministerial committee formed to decide on suitable observance of the Degania jubilee.

This was announced on Friday night by the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, at a dinner tendered by Mapai at the Mapai college at Beit Berl near here for Socialist delegates to the I.U.L.A. Congress.

About 80 mayors attended the dinner, as did Mayors Mordecai Namir of Tel Aviv, Pinhas Eilon of Holon, and the Chairman of the Israel Union of Local Authorities, Mr. M. Surkis.

Afro-Asian Body Plans 2nd Term

TEL AVIV. — Invitations to candidates for the second term of the Afro-Asian Institute on Economics and Co-operation are to go out shortly, it was decided at Thursday's meeting of the Institute's Board of Governors. The term begins April 17.

Attending the first course are 44 students — 33 from English-speaking countries and 11 from French-speaking lands.

The co-Chairman of the Institute, Mr. Eliahu Elath, told a questioner that no criticism had been levelled in Asian and African countries at the help given the Institute by the A.F.L.-C.I.O. (the President of the American union, Mr. George Meaney, is Mr. Elath's co-Chairman).

Mr. Elath, who was referring to a "Ma'ariv" report that Mr. Ben-Gurion had raised objections to the co-sponsorship on the grounds that the Afro-Asian countries were suspicious of anything American, said the only complaints were "home produced."

He went on to report that, on his recent visit to Britain, he had found widespread sympathy for the Institute. Leaders of the British Labour movement, including Mr. Gaitskell and Mr. Crossman, told him the project was of the utmost international significance.

Mayors Visit Holy Places

TIBERIAS. — Delegates to the IULA Congress enjoyed a perfect day's touring on Saturday. Satisfaction was general with several hours allocated to Nazareth and Tiberias, as compared to the earlier hurried visits to Ashkelon and Givat Brenner.

The organization was flawless, the 17 buses reaching the various points at carefully planned intervals to prevent congestion in the narrow lanes and the Churches in Nazareth or in the grounds of the Monastery at Capernaum.

The weather was ideal and several delegates congratulated the Government Tourist Corp. representative on the timing of the rain, which stopped the moment the first bus arrived in Nazareth.

The visitors stayed several hours in Nazareth and spent some time buying souvenirs in the bazaars, with *khefiyas* being the most popular item. At Nazareth they were welcomed by Mayor Seif e-Din Zuabi.

The 600 delegates were the guests of the Tiberias Municipality later at a reception at the Galei Kinneret Hotel. The visitors toured Capernaum and Degania and dipped their hands in Jordan waters. Six boats, working in two shifts, took the visitors across the Sea of Galilee.

At Friday's Congress session on "Industrial Development," a Ceylonese delegate, Mr. Edmund Wanigasekera, noted that "Israel is dedicated to the pursuit of peace" and that it was gratifying that the congress was being held in Israel. Geographically an Asian country, it proved that local government problems were similar the world over.

Satellite Towns

Mr. Wanigasekera reported on the Ceylonese scheme for setting up satellite industrial towns around large cities to drain off slum dwellers.

A speaker from Britain, the Director of the Lancashire and Merseyside Industrial Development Association, Mr. E. G. W. Allen, spoke on development districts in Britain and how local authorities try to attract industry to depressed areas, in which they are helped by the central Government.

The Governor of the Ehime Prefecture of Japan, Mr. Sadataka Hisamatsu, described how industrialization was speeded in Japan by the merging of smaller local authorities.

This morning (Sunday), delegates will attend services at the following Churches in Jaffa: Church of England at 8 Auerbach Street; the Church of Scotland Mission at 21 Yefet St.; the Church of St. Anthony (Roman Catholic) also in Yefet St.

Mail Delegation Spends Weekend in Kibbutz

The 11-man delegation from Mali, headed by Vice-President Jean-Mari Kone and comprising the Director-General and Commissioners of a number of Government Ministries, spent the week-end as guests of Kibbutz Nahshonim, near Petah Tikva.

On Friday the delegation members were guests at a luncheon given by the Directors-General of the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Defence. Later they met Foreign Minister Golda Meir and the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Abba Eban, to discuss means of furthering cooperation between Mali and Israel.

M. Jean-Mari Kone, the delegation head, was also received by Prime Minister Ben-Gurion.

Last night the delegation attended the reception given by the Foreign Minister for the students at the Afro-Asian seminar.

Paternal Interest Aroused After 9 Years

RAMLE. — A man who had not enquired after his nine-year-old daughter since she was placed in an institution shortly after her birth, last week applied to the police to find her.

The father, Sulaman Shahas, of Mahane Yisrael, said he came to this country in 1951 and was sent to the Ein Shemer camp, where his daughter, Rachel, was born. A month later, the baby was sent by the authorities to an institution.

Arrest Made in Chicago Triple Rape-Murder Case

OTTAWA. — Illinois (Reuter). — A County Grand Jury Friday returned three indictments charging Chester Otto Weger, 21, a former dishwasher, with the murder of three socially prominent Chicago women in a state park here last March.

The three women in the murder indictments were found beaten to death in a cave in Starved Rock State Park, after they had gone walking together.

Weger, who worked in the lodge in the park, was one of the first to be questioned in the investigation. At the time, police did not have sufficient evidence against him to justify an arrest, but have steadily been building up a case.

99.1% of Jewish Births in Hospital

Of the 44,599 Jewish women who gave birth in 1959, 99.1 per cent went to hospital for the lying-in, as compared to 90.3 per cent in 1954, when the National Insurance Law first came into effect.

Of the 10,570 non-Jewish births in 1959, 47.8 per cent were in hospital as compared to five per cent before the enactment of the Law.

This was stated on Friday by the spokesman of the National Insurance Institute, who said the increased percentage was mainly due to the influence of the Law, which makes hospitalization a condition for payment of the maternity grant.

A breakdown of the non-Jewish births in 1959 shows that 46 per cent of Moslem mothers had their children in hospital; 33.4 per cent of the Christian-Arab mothers; 95.6 per cent of other Christian mothers; and 8.7 per cent of the Druse mothers.

The maternity grant is now IL107, of which IL67 goes to the hospital and IL40 is given in cash towards the purchase of a layette.

Churchill 'Better Slowly'

LONDON (Reuter). — Sir Winston Churchill, Britain's elder statesman and World War leader, in bed with a back injury, was reported on Saturday to be "getting on slowly."

His doctors said earlier Sir Winston "did not have a very good night," but added, "The pain of his injury is less."

Dog Shows Way to Toy Fund Door

The Jerusalem Post Toy Fund really started Friday morning, when though gifts have come in earlier, and the organization was being smoothed out, there was still an air of something missing.

Then on Friday, in the Jerusalem office of this paper, we ran into the traditional first gift-giver in town — on time as always. He was padding determinedly up the stairs, way ahead of his mistress and making straight for secretary Esther Cheshin, to whom he has presented his gift every year.

It was Pax, of course, our favourite boxer, now a venerable nine year old. His gift this time, a wonderful pair of stilts — to make a child feel ten feet tall.

He stood stock still to have his new Toy Fund pin slipped into his collar.

A gift also given to the Fund on Friday, and likely to bring in a tidy sum, was a suit presented by Knitwear Manufacturers Ltd. This suit, which retails for IL150, will be raffled off, details to be announced shortly.

From Beersheba comes the report that the Southern Command has again offered to run a party for the polio-stricken children in the South. This is another of the Toy Fund's annual events. Public-spirited Beersheba Rotarians are supplying transportation.

There are only 21 working days left before the police take over distribution. Send in your contribution now.

Tel Aviv Shimshon Wins 2nd Straight

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — Tel Aviv Shimshon, the soccer eleven from the Yemenite Quarter which gained promotion to the National League only last season, brought off its second successive surprise win yesterday in beating Jerusalem Hapoel 1:0 in the Capital. Shimshon collected its two points with a goal just five minutes before the end of the game.

Meanwhile, National League champions Petah Tikva Hapoel shot to the National League leadership with a 5:0 win over Tel Aviv Betar. Petah Tikva has now scored nine goals to nil in two games. Haifa Maccabi, Natanya Maccabi and Tel Aviv Shimshon follow next, all with four points.

Haifa Hapoel returned to top form yesterday to beat Tel Aviv Hapoel 3:2 in the metropolis. Centre forward Ginsburg scored four goals.

Tel Aviv Maccabi collected two points by Gleninger's goal in the 63rd minute of the game against Bnei Yehuda.

Kfar Saba Hapoel continued its winning ways to head League "A", yesterday defeating Rehovot Hapoel 4:1 in Rehovot.

RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Tel Aviv Hapoel 2, Haifa Hapoel 5; Tel Aviv Maccabi 1, Bnei Yehuda 0; Petah Tikva Hapoel 5, Tel Aviv Betar 0; Jerusalem Hapoel 0, Tel Aviv Shimshon 1; Haifa Maccabi 3, Jaffa Maccabi 0; Natanya Maccabi 2, Petah Tikva Maccabi 1.

LEAGUE "A"

Ramle Hapoel 1, Beersheba Hapoel 0; Tel Aviv Hakoah 3, Ma'hane Yehuda Hapoel 1; Rehovot Hapoel 1, Kfar Saba Hapoel 4; Hadera Hapoel 3, Hadera Maccabi 3; Kiryat Haim Hapoel 1, Sha'arayim Maccabi 1; Herzliya Hapoel 2, Ramat Gan Hapoel 9; Jerusalem Betar vs. Tiberias Hapoel was postponed because of mud on the pitch in the Capital.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDINGS (After two games)

	Gs.	Pts.
Petah Tikva Hap.	5:0	4
Haifa Maccabi	5:0	4
Natanya Maccabi	5:1	4
Tel Aviv Shimshon	3:1	4
Jerusalem Hap.	3:1	2
Haifa Hapoel	6:6	2
Jaffa Maccabi	2:3	2
Tel Aviv Maccabi	1:3	2
Petah Tik. Mac.	1:4	0
Tel Aviv Hap.	2:9	0
Bnei Yehuda	0:3	0
Tel Aviv Betar	0:8	0

Gold Smugglers Caught on Border

SAFAD. — Gold ingots valued at between IL70,000 to IL80,000, 2,000 Jordan dinars, and goods whose estimated worth runs into tens of thousands of pounds were seized in the early hours of Friday morning when police ambushed a truck on the Meron-Gush Halav road.

This haul is believed to be connected with the activities of a large smuggling ring operating on the Israel-Lebanon border.

Inside the truck were a man and his wife, residents of the Arab-Christian village of Gush Halav.

The truck was seized at 5.45 in the morning in a combined operation of the police and Border Police.

It is reported meanwhile that large quantities of Atsmade clothing were among contraband seized by the Lebanese authorities on their side of the border early last week. Semi-precious stones from Eilat were also among the goods which the Lebanese police seized in an ambush of a group of men coming from the direction of the Israel border.

DOV JOSEPH:

Agency Doing Best it Can But Going Deeper Into Debt

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Dr. Dov Joseph, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency and an old Torontonian, yesterday gave the Fourth Toronto U.J.A. Study Mission an insight into how the Agency has tried to provide for new immigrants through deficit financing.

Speaking at a dinner at the Knig David Hotel in Jerusalem, Dr. Joseph quoted from figures he has drawn up for the Zionist Congress convening in December to show that during the past 4½ years — since the previous Congress — the Agency's indebtedness has increased by IL100m. In this period, it spent IL958m. on the absorption of the close to 190,000 new immigrants who entered the country and consolidation of those already here.

'Within Our Means'

While the theme of his speech was that there have not been enough gift dollars from abroad to enable the Agency to do its job as it should be done, he took issue with those fund-raising leaders who suggested that "we should try and live within our means." Not only has not enough money been raised abroad — "U.S. Jewry could give another $20m. a year and not even know it, let alone feel it" — Israel "doesn't get a fair deal in the distribution of the funds."

He suggested that the Mission members compare the support they give their own Jewish social cases in Toronto with the means put at the disposal of the Agency to care for similar cases in Israel. Comparable figures would be about $100 a month per person abroad and IL80 a month here for a family of seven or eight, he said.

"But if you don't have it — if your partners, and you are our partners, don't come through — then you just can't give it," Dr. Joseph said, concluding with a plea that now that "success is in sight, let's finish the job together."

Mr. Richard Shiff replied on behalf of the Mission.

In the evening, the Mission members were guests at the homes of Messrs. Eliahu Dobkin and Moshe Kol, Chairman of the Presidium of the Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal and Director of Youth Aliya respectively.

Ruling on Port Tariffs This Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A final verdict in the phosphate-hauling tariff dispute between the Ministries of Transport and Development will be handed down this week by a four-man committee comprised of the directors-general of the Ministries of Finance, Industry, Transport and Development.

The committee was given just one week from the date of appointment to conclude its deliberations on loading costs at Haifa as well as Eilat.

In August, the Managing Director of Negev Phosphates, Aluf S. Shamir, complained that unless the Ministry of Transport reduces its loading tariffs he would be obliged to cancel a major export order to Japan. Several weeks ago this export order was renewed by the Japanese, but again had to be rejected pending the conclusion of the tariff dispute.

The Ministry of Transport is asking for an IL3.80 to IL4 per ton loading tariff at Haifa and Eilat, while the Development Ministry experts claim that a IL1.25 rate would cover all expenses.

Dagon Signs Contract For Third Haifa Silo

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The third silo at the Dagon Company installation here will be built by Solel Boneh. The two firms came to terms this week and construction is to start forthwith. It is expected to be completed in 18 months.

Including a delivery gallery, the silo will have a capacity of 27,000 tons, larger than the two existing wings of 21,000 tons each. Solel Boneh also built the second wing, which was put into service recently.

Including equipment and ancillary installations, the new extension calls for an investment of nearly IL3.5m.

SHEEP FARMS WITHOUT SHEPHERDS

Jerusalem Post Reporter

AFULA. — The Sheep Breeders' Association, after considerable research, has come to the conclusion that sheep can be kept in fenced-off areas without shepherds.

Mr. Yehoshua Ben David, of the Association's Secretariat, told a press conference here on Friday that the elimination of shepherds would make sheep breeding much more profitable than at present. Whereas other branches of agriculture have already run into over-production, sheep milk products and mutton are in short supply, Mr. Ben David said.

BEST TERMS FOR SAVINGS AND DEPOSITS

THE FOREIGN TRADE BANK LTD

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BRANCHES IN ALL MAIN CENTRES

Adequacy of Worker Training Programme Under Dispute

By DAVID KRIVINE, Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

Israel industry is short of 1,200 skilled workers a year, according to a report shortly to be published by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. Its author, Mr. Michael Goldway of the Ministry's Planning Division, criticizes the Labour Ministry's vocational training programme for producing only 1,800 skilled workers a year, as against a need for 3,000.

Figures published by the Ministry of Labour do not tally with Mr. Goldway's conclusions, and the difference appears to hinge on the definition of "skilled worker."

Mr. Peretz Harburger, Director of the Labour Ministry's Vocational Education Department, uses the accepted canon which divides Israel's industrial workers into unskilled, semi-skilled, and workers having a grade — all the latter being termed skilled workers. Graduates of vocational schools, apprenticeship and adult courses — about 7,000 a year — all acquire a Trade Certificate, Mr. Harburger informed *The Jerusalem Post*. This number is more than adequate for the needs of industry, he says.

An Oversight

Mr. Goldway regards as skilled only workers who have completed a three- or four-year training course, i.e., graduates of vocational schools and apprentices. But even if the 4,200 adults who each year complete beginners' courses are not viewed as fully skilled workers (though they qualify for the lowest skilled rank, which is generally Grade E, supplementary courses are run by the Vocational Education Department which annually qualify some 2,000 low-grade skilled workers for promotion to Grades D and C, and 20-30 per cent of them to a higher grade.

Accordingly, 4,000 new adult workers enter Grade E each year, and 2,000 Grade E workers are promoted. On the most conservative reckoning, this raises the total number of additional skilled workers to at least 3,800 a year.

Mr. Harburger admits that a bottleneck remains in the highest levels. Workers with the highest skills can only emerge with the passage of time, as they acquire experience.

According to Mr. Goldway, the shortcomings in the existing vocational training set-up are:

- although manpower planning has to be done at least seven years ahead (since a boy spends four years in apprenticeship or vocational school and 2½ years in the Army) no long-term blue-print has been prepared so far;
- responsibility for vocational training is divided among a number of agencies — the Ministries of Labour, Agriculture, Defence, Health and Posts — and there is no central coordination. Most recent addition is the Ministry of Education, to which the supervision of vocational schools was transferred from the Labour Ministry last September;
- vocational education is broken up into a variety of different systems (two-, three- and four-year schools, youth centres, apprenticeship, etc.) which are not properly inter-connected. Each terminates with its own trade certificate, with no arrangements made for continued training in more advanced subjects.

Matriculation Needed

In this context, he points out that a semi-skilled worker cannot enter a course to become a skilled worker, nor can the graduate of a vocational school or apprentice who has finished his articles continue on to become an engineer without first taking his matriculation examination.

Mr. Harburger's answer is that basically there are only two training systems for youth — vocational schools and apprenticeship. The one- and two-year schools are only preliminaries to apprenticeship, which the students must complete before receiving their trade certificates.

Graduates of the vocational schools may enter the Technion without passing matriculation exams through a special entrance examination, he points out. Apprentices cannot be accepted into the Technion on completion of articles without passing matriculation.

More serious is the fact — not mentioned by Mr. Goldway — that an unskilled worker cannot seek advanced training unless he resigns his job — thus making himself unemployed and thus eligible to be sent on a course by the labour exchange.

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UNION BANK SECURITIES INDEX 1959 — 100

	17.11	10.11
Dollar Bonds	91.3	91.7
Index Bonds	101.7	100.7
Shares	313.8	323.9

For investments consult [illegible]

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

The Josselson-Paradis Students' Dormitory, Kiryat Shmuel,

Executive and staff

mourn the death of

Aharon Mendel Shneerson

initiator of the Dormitory and its devoted director.

The Executive and the Council of the Jerusalem Branch of the Friends of the Hebrew University deeply mourn the death of the Chairman of the Executive

Aharon Mendel Shneerson

a man of outstanding qualities and rich activity.

The bier will lie in state at the students' dormitory in Kiryat Shmuel from 12 noon today until the funeral leaves for the Sanhedria cemetery at 2 p.m.

Our deepest sympathy and condolences to our partner

Mrs. Masha Aharoni-Goldberg

and to Mr. Moshe Aharoni and his family

on the sudden death of their beloved mother

SARAH AHARONI ז"ל

MITZHAD LTD.

With deep grief we announce the death of our beloved mother, grandmother and sister

SARAH AHARONI

(Aharonowitz) née Lifshitz

The funeral will leave her home at 119 Rothschild Boulevard, Tel Aviv, at 2 p.m. today, November 20, 1960, for Nahlat Yitzhak Cemetery.

AHARONI, JOFFE, KAHANA, FARKAS-HUNSLEY (Canada) KOUNINE, HARARI, LIFSHITZ

We mourn the death of our mother and grandmother

DINA KATZ (née Hirsch)

The funeral has already taken place.

The bereaved families

HANAN KATZ

MARGALIT REIFEN (née Katz)

THE REDEDICATION OF THE

Morris Bienenfeld Memorial Hospital

REHOV HOREV, HAIFA

will be held on Monday, November 2, at 10 a.m.

With the participation of representatives of the American Histadrut Campaign and Kupat Holim.

FRIENDS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

Notice to the Public

The Popular University

Tel Aviv Institute For Further Studies

17 Rehov Devora Hanevia

A parallel course has been opened in

English Literature

(taught in English)

Subject: The English Novel
Lecturer: Prof. A.H. Fish
Time: Tuesday, 7.50-9.40.
Place: Yehuda Halevi School 11 Rehov Olifant (corner 66 Yehuda Halevi)
Buses: 5, 11, 13, 19.
Registration: At place of study.

DOLLAR BONDS (TAVEI DOLLAR) LAW — 1951

NOTICE

The public is hereby notified that, in accordance with the results of the drawing held on Tuesday, November 15, 1960, at the offices of the Bank of Israel, Tel Aviv, all Dollar Bonds (Tavei Dollar) the serial numbers of which terminate in the figure 8 (eight) will be redeemable as from December 15, 1960, on presentation of the bonds.

BANK OF ISRAEL STATE LOANS ADMINISTRATION

Handicrafts Exhibition and Sale

will open tomorrow, November 21, 1960, at 5 p.m., at the WIZO Esther Smoira Memorial Clubhouse, 6 Rehov Hahavazelet, Jerusalem. It will remain open on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays from 10 a.m. till 9 p.m.

The following firms:

Pargas — Kleen — Vita — Blue Band — Telma

will display their products and visitors will enjoy reduced prices.

Bank Leumi L'Israel will present a special programme, "Youth Saves".

"GALEI GALIL" BEACH DEVELOPMENT CO., NAHARIYA

Invitation to Extraordinary General Assembly

We hereby invite all members of the "Galei Galil" Beach Development Co. to an extraordinary general assembly which will take place on Thursday, December 1, 1960, at 7.30 p.m.

Agenda:

1) Election of Assembly Chairman
2) Confirmation of Balance Sheet
3) Report
4) Liquidation of the Company

In the event that there are not a legal number of members present at the said time, a second assembly, entitled to pass resolutions regardless of the number of participants, will take place at the same place at 8.30 p.m.

This invitation is published in compliance with the Company's Articles, Paragraph 8, Article 1 (c), and should be regarded as a personal invitation.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
"Galei Galil" Beach Development Co., Nahariya.

TAKE THE BEST.

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Analysis of U.S. Election Results

Kennedy Owes Success to Negro Vote

By JESSE ZEL LURIE

NEW YORK.

ONE long distance phone call to the wife of a Negro leader in Atlanta, Georgia, turned the tide for President-elect John F. Kennedy.

I cabled on election day that he was given his tiny margin of victory by the overwhelming support of what is called "the minority vote" — the Catholics, Jews, and Negroes. Further analysis of the election returns shows that his Catholicism lost about as many votes as were gained from Catholic supporters. Those who refused to vote for a Catholic were, of course, mainly Protestants, but there were many "Orthodox" Catholics who felt that the cause of Catholicism would be ill-served by an independent-minded Catholic in the White House. Notable among Mr. Nixon's vocal supporters was New York's Cardinal Spellman.

The Jews voted overwhelmingly for Kennedy. But they did the same for Adlai Stevenson and for every Democratic candidate since Franklin Delano Roosevelt. So there was no gain of any consequence here.

Negro Vote

The key to Kennedy's victory was the dramatic shift among the Negroes. Republican Party Chairman Thruston Morton said that his candidate lost because he did not hold the allegiance of those Negroes who had swung into the Republican column in 1956. He may have been less than candid when he added that he did not know why.

In the Negro districts of the large Eastern cities, the Democrats usually poll 70 to 80 per cent of the vote. In 1956, many Negro voters showed their disgust with the anti-civil rights shenanigans of Southern Democratic Senators by voting for Eisenhower. The Democratic majority in the Negro precincts was cut to an average of 67 per cent. In some Negro precincts of Chicago, Eisenhower won over 40 per cent of the vote.

Mr. Kennedy was not expected to do any better because of the religious issue. Anti-Catholic Baptists and other Protestant Fundamentalists predominate among the Negroes. And Mr. Kennedy's personal choice of a Texas Southerner for his running mate did not endear him to the Negroes.

Yet the Negroes returned to the Democratic fold in overwhelming numbers and constituted the margin of victory in the populous industrial states with their large electoral votes. A decisive factor was the President-elect's phone call in the Martin Luther King case, in which Mr. Kennedy showed he cared personally what happened to the Negroes.

Rev. King, Negro integration leader, had been jailed in Georgia for a traffic violation, for which any other citizen would have been fined a nominal sum. Bail had been refused him. John Kennedy telephoned Mrs. King to offer his assistance. Robert Kennedy called the judge and asked for bail, which was finally granted. Mr. Nixon, who was personally acquainted with the Kings, felt unable to do anything.

The Negroes voted for Kennedy because they felt he was honestly concerned with their welfare, both political and economic. He advocated raising the minimum wage to $1.25 an hour, a move which will affect the low-paid Negroes more than the white workers.

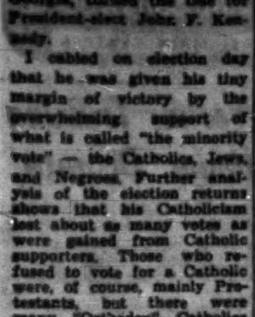
Congress Results

One of the curiosities of this close election is that the Democratic candidate, who rarely mentioned his running-mate, Senator Lyndon Johnson of Texas, could not have won without the Southern electoral votes which were retained in the Democratic column almost single-handedly by the political acumen and Herculean efforts of Senator Johnson. On the other hand, Mr. Nixon brought his running mate, Henry Cabot Lodge, to the fore at every opportunity. But Mr. Lodge did not bring the Republicans a single electoral vote.

The close election has also resulted in a slight reduction in the Democratic majority in Congress. This will make even harder Kennedy's chief task, which will be to emulate the dexterous manner in which Franklin Roosevelt succeeded in driving a two-headed team — the Northern and Southern Democrats — with both horses running in different directions.

In the Senate, in which only one-third of the seats are contested every two years, the Democrats have retained their overwhelming majority of 64 to 36. About half of the 22 Southern Democrats usually vote with the Republicans. When they are subtracted, the Senate divides 58 to 47, still a majority but rather close. Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Johnson, and their Congressional lieutenants will have to pay careful attention to the conservative non-Southern Democrats such as Lausche of Ohio and Kerr of Oklahoma in order to keep them in line and they may offer some inducements in the form of choice committee assignments to liberal Republicans such as Javits of New York, Case of New Jersey, Saltonstall of Massachusetts and Cooper of Kentucky. All of these liberal Republicans, incidentally, ran far ahead of Nixon in their state votes.

In the House, the new Democratic Administration will have a greater problem. The Democrats will have about 267 seats to the Republicans 170. But about 65 Southern Democrats regularly vote with the Republicans on all major issues and together they form a conservative coalition majority. By hard work, close liaison with all sections of Congress and personal leadership, Mr. Kennedy will still be able to put together a working majority. He will have to draw in the 15 to 20 liberal Republicans and use his Presidential powers of patronage and persuasion to hold in line every marginal Southerner. He may return to the Roosevelt tradition of "fireside chats," the nation wide broadcasts to which F.D.R. resorted in order to sway public and Congressional opinion in support of one of his controversial bills.



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FRIDAY'S PRESS

ISRAEL AND MALI

Davar (Histadrut) says that the visit of the Mali delegation is particularly important because it represents a Moslem country, one among several in Negro Africa that have followed the example of their Christian neighbours further South and established friendly relations with Israel. "From the moment that the leaders of these countries were faced with the difficult task of building a nation and a country, many of them understood that the wordy demagoguery of the Egyptian dictator would be of no value to them ...and they showed willingness to include Israel among the States with whom it was worthwhile establishing mutual relations. Friendly ties were established between Israel and the Mali Federation, but they were put to the test when the Federation broke up... The visit of the delegation... shows that Israel-Mali relations rest on firm foundations and that we have reason to expect fruitful cooperation between the two States"

Arab Refugees

Haboker (General Zionist) writes: "We have plenty to say, and not only as regards the responsibility of the Arab States for the creation of the refugee problem. We have already, on our own initiative, absorbed tens of thousands of Arab refugees... despite the fact that we opened our gates to over a million immigrants, some of whom were refugees from Arab countries. We also released, on our own initiative, millions of pounds of refugee assets that were frozen in Israel. All that the Arab Governments have done for the refugees has been to intensify their suffering and to see to it that it continues."

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) says that, while the humanitarian efforts of the U.N. to maintain the refugees for 12 years are praiseworthy, "the political and moral weakness that it has shown in giving in to the stubborn refusal of the Arab States to help find a constructive solution to the problem ... has foiled its good inventions. By calling on both sides to display a willingness to compromise, the American representative at the Special Political Committee of the General Assembly deliberately ignored Israel's constructive efforts, thereby strengthening the stubbornness of the Arab rulers and lessening the chances of a solution being found," the paper declares.

THE JEWISH SCENE

By Geoffrey Wigoder

Few Jews in U.S. Industry

THE American Jewish Committee has alleged anti-Jewish discrimination in U.S. industry. A survey has shown that although eight per cent of the college-trained personnel in the U.S. are Jews and that managerial staff is chosen almost completely from the ranks of college graduates, Jews constitute less than half of one per cent of the executive personnel in leading American industrial companies. The American Jewish Committee is to cooperate with the Universities of Harvard and Michigan in investigating the effect of discriminatory practices on the full utilisation of manpower resources in the U.S.

It might, of course, be argued that Jewish students do not wish to enter industry but a recent study carried out by Cornell University found no difference in the occupational career choices of Jews, Protestants and Catholics. The corollary to this is that the tendency for Jews to concentrate in certain fields is the result of outside pressures rather than of their own free choice. A survey made by the American Jewish Committee found many companies employing a disproportionately low number of Jewish executives. A study of the careers of graduates of the Harvard University Graduate School of Business Administration confirmed the general picture of anti-Jewish prejudice.

* * *

Some interesting facts about recent cultural developments are contained in the World Jewish Congress' periodical "Jewish Cultural Affairs". It reports, for example, an attack by the Yiddish poet and columnist, Jacob Glatstein, on the Yiddish secular schools in the U.S. He claims that these schools in their half-century of existence have not produced readers of Yiddish nor a generation of Yiddish-speaking Jews or Jews attached to Yiddish culture. One reason advanced for the failure is that the Yiddish school teaches the child for three to five hours a week. The main solution now being attempted in the field of Jewish education is the Day School but the secular Yiddish school organizations have not developed day schools. The periodical adds the comment that if the Yiddish schools have produced no readers for the Yiddish press neither have the Hebrew schools produced readers for the only Hebrew paper in the U.S. It could be added that even where Yiddish education has been more successful — as in Argentina — it is still fighting a losing battle and success, in effect, means no more than delaying the end.

The same periodical reports a convention on Jewish education in Buenos Aires where the main problems were how to achieve a wider attendance at Jewish supplementary schools and how to keep the children in schools longer. There were many pleas that Jewish education should take in more of traditional Jewish values. Much of the time was devoted to a discussion as to whether the works of Mendele Mocher Seforim should be taught in Jewish schools!

Cultural liveliness is reported as marking the Mexican Jewish community. There are three Yiddish papers serving the 28,000 Jews — one of them, *Mexicaner Lebn*, contains a Spanish section and a Hebrew column. The Cultural Department of the Kehilla maintains a Teachers' Seminary, subsidises schools, maintains a choral society and prepares theatrical productions. The Zionist Federation and the Bund publish monthlies and there are other Jewish publications — all primarily interested in Jewish events, with nothing on general life in Mexico. Even the Bundist paper ignores the social and political scene in Mexico.

More than 85 per cent of Jewish children attend Jewish day schools — a remarkable achievement. The general subjects are taught in Spanish; the Jewish subjects in Hebrew or Yiddish, according to the school. However, when it comes to university level, the professor of Hebrew culture at the National University finds that all his students are non-Jewish.

* * *

THE "Christian Science Monitor" has charged the Soviet government with deliberately concealing the role of Jews in science, agriculture and industry. In 1935 there were 24,620 Jewish scientific workers (a total surpassed only by the Russian group) but not a single Jew figured in Soviet statistics published in 1957, which listed the nationalities of nearly a quarter-million scientists but omitted the Jews.

"Although specifically recognized as a religious and national entity, Soviet Jews are prevented from fulfilling their cultural and religious aspirations," says the "Christian Science Monitor". "They are suspected of an anti-state or anti-social attitude if they declare themselves as Jews and they are rejected if they declare themselves as Russians, Moldavians, Ukrainians and so on."

The paper points out that the official Soviet census figures released earlier this year listed over two and a quarter million Jews — about 1.1 per cent of the general population. In addition, other Jews are believed to have registered as Russians or Ukrainians (the "Monitor" estimates their number at 800,000). "Yet among the some 1,300 deputies of the Supreme Soviet there are only three Jews — not quite 0.25 per cent — and among some 250 members and candidate members of the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party, there are only two Jews — less than 0.8 per cent. There has also been a drastic decline in the number of students in Soviet universities — from 13 per cent in 1935 to three to five per cent today. As individuals, Jews have been removed in large numbers from responsible positions in the military and diplomatic service."

It is worth remembering that there is a double process at work here. On the one hand, there is undoubted discrimination against the Jews. On the other, there is a growing body of educated Russians vying for places in the professions etc. The surge of Jews to the universities in the earlier days of Soviet rule led to their being one of the most significant educated classes and holding many of the positions associated with these classes. Now that education has become much more wide-spread throughout the entire population, the Jewish professional man, for instance, finds himself up against much severer competition for his job and this — together with the inevitable bias — accounts for the drop in the percentage of Jews occupying prominent positions in many spheres.

Readers' Letters

AFTERNOON SERVICE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — For almost three years I have been wondering why some clever businessman has not suggested that shops remain open in the winter during the afternoon, and at least one or two evenings a week until 9.30 p.m. all the year round. I hoped that Super-Sol would start the trend — but I have heard of no pressure from the other shopkeepers.

This would make life so much simpler for all Israelis, from housewives to working people, and I'm sure that the change would create no hardship for the enterpreneur or sales staff.

Yours, etc.,
FRIEDA MACARON
Jerusalem, November 10.

BLIGHT IN TEL AVIV PARKS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—Our parks in Tel Aviv that were once so promising, especially "Gan Ha'atzma'ut" and "London Park," both situated nearest to our most expensive tourist hotels, look a disgrace — an eyesore and picture of decay to most of our townspeople.

Surely there must be certain types of trees, palms and cacti that can defy the blight of salty breezes, and scores of gardenerz who will be glad to find daily employment in an effort to convert them into really attractive beauty spots?

Yours, etc.,
(Mrs.) L. FRAENKEL
Tel Aviv, November 10.

BAN PARATHION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — For some time I have observed that certain birds who used to come to winter with us — and even local birds — have completely disappeared and there is no doubt that the Parathion poison in the fields and air is to blame for it. Our feathered friends lose their lives just as do those many children and adults.

It is up to the Government to get rid of this poison immediately, if it wishes to spare our country a good deal of misery. It should lose no time in imposing a ban on the use of Parathion, the sooner the better. The authorities have ignored this calamity a bit too long.

Yours, etc.,
R. P.
Haifa, November 11.

Dutch Mayors at IULA Meet

By HENRIETTE BOAS

A STRIKINGLY high percentage of the delegates to the present I.U.L.A. Conference have come from Holland perhaps because the present Association has its headquarters in The Hague.

Just over 100 Dutch municipal representatives were present on the eve of their departure for Israel at a reception given in their honour by the Israel Ambassador, Dr. H. A. Cldor.

The central figure at the gathering, was Professor P. J. Oud, former Mayor of Rotterdam, and today the President of I.U.L.A. His face is as familiar to most Dutchmen as that of Mr. Ben-Gurion (with whom he may have some resemblance in character, though not in party affiliation), is to Israelis. Professor Oud, who is leader of the Dutch Liberal Party, replied to the words of welcome by the Israel Ambassador.

Though all members of the Dutch delegation are visiting Israel for the first time, many of them will meet old friends there.

One Mayor known to a number of Israelis is Mr. Hustinx, of Nijmegen, the city of the annual Four-Day March. He assured us that the Israelis are always the most popular group among all the thirteen thousand or so marchers.

Another Mayor who has made friends among the Israel marchers is Mr. van Thiel, of Wychen, near Nijmegen, who this year was presented with an Israel Bible by the marchers at the reception he gave them in his Town Hall.

Other Mayors have friends in Israel whom they made in a very different way. Mr. A. Smit was during the war Mayor of Sprang-Capelle, a village in the north of Brabant, where many Jews found a hiding place. Of these, many in their turn settled in Israel, and will now be glad to meet their former 'illegal' Mayor.

Still other Mayors will find that their towns are well-known in Israel, at least among *halutzim*, who were trained in Holland. Dr. N. Bolkestein is Mayor of Deventer, the town of the 'Deventer Society,' which for over twenty years, looked after *halutzim*. Dr. Thomassen is Mayor of Enschede, the important industrial and textile town near the German border, where in the latter 'thirties, the *hachshara* centre of Agudat Yisrael was situated. If the name of Tilburg is not too well-known outside Dutch-Zionist history, it is, as the former home of the late Alfred Polak, very well-known in Zionist Holland, and Mayor Bert will be able to meet in Israel Mrs. Polak and two of her daughters.

In conclusion, two ladies may be mentioned who take part in the Tel Aviv conference in their own right. They are Dr. J. Zeelenberg, for many years now the very able Labour Alderwoman of Rotterdam, and Dr. H. J. D. Reevers, of The Hague, one of the secretaries of I.U.L.A. and of the Union of Dutch Municipalities.

MUSICAL DIARY

One-Act Opera

Kol Yisrael, the Dalcie Alcghieri Society, and the Rubin Academy of Music, Jerusalem present a special concert, performed by the Opera Class of the Academy and the Kol Yisrael Orchestra; Arieh Zemzanek, conductor; David Lein-Chen, violin (Y.M.C.A. Jerusalem, November 11). Vivaldi-Nachez: Violin Concerto in G minor; Cherubini: "The Portuguese Inn," opera in one act with Shoshana Arzeni, Esther Nadiv, Johnny Spira, Menahem Rechtmann, Ephraim Wagner, Zvi Banai; narrator: Paltiel Ben Laish.

THIS concerted effort of the Rubin Academy and Kol Yisrael was not as successful as one had hoped, since some of the singers were making their first appearances and could not overcome their understandable stage-fright.

The one-act opera itself is a pleasant mediocrity of its period (1798). The conductor had to work very hard to keep nervous soloists and an inattentive orchestra together. The large, sympathetic audience helped the *debutants* with friendly applause.

David Lein-Chen played Vivaldi's G-minor concerto unfortunately in Tivadar Nachez' edition. This Hungarian violinist (1850-1930) imposed his "inspiration" on many classical works, spoiling clarity of style and the charm of the original with his additions and "improvements." However, David Lein-Chen gave an amply satisfying performance with well balanced tone and easy handling of things technical.

YOHANAN BOEHM

Youth Concert

Haifa Municipality's Educational Department. Youth Concert by the Haifa Symphony Orchestra. Sergiu Commissiona, conductor; Ricardo Odnoposoff, violin, soloist. (Tamar Hall, November 10). Handel: Festive Overture, Erich Walter Sternberg: "Amcha". Saint-Saens: Introduction and Rondo Cappricioso for violin and orchestra. Beethoven: Symphony No. 5 in C minor.

THE Educational Department of the Haifa Municipality has arranged a series of seven youth concerts for this season. The first was opened by Mr. Livnat, the Municipal Superintendant of the Department. He greeted Mayor Abba Khoushy and the young audience and introduced Mr. Moshe Jacobson, the new supervisor of music at the Government's office for culture and education.

Mr. Jacobson explained the orchestra's instruments and the programme by means of an intuitive method of instruction. It was a good idea to send instructive programmes and records to the schools' music-teachers before the concert, to enable them to explain the material presented in advance to their pupils.

The selected music was easily understood by the young audience. Sternberg's "Amcha" (Your Folk) was written for a play by Sholem Aleichem and the rhytmically strong accentuated music describing Jewish types abroad appealed pleasantly to the listeners.

Mr. Odnoposoff was lucky in his interpretation of Saint-Saens, fluently played with brilliant technique. In order not to overstrain the children's capacity for listening quietly, only the first movement of Beethoven was played. This time the orchestra was at its best accompanying the guest soloist.

American Quartet

Haifa Chamber Music Society. The Claremont Quartet (U.S.A.). Hare Gottlieb, violin, Vladimir Weissman, violin, William Schoen, viola, Irving Klein, cello (Beit Haroeh, November 12): Mozart: String Quartet in F major, K 590; Max Reger: Quartet in F-sharp minor, op. 121; Beethoven Quartet (No. 17) in F major, op. 135.

ISRAEL musicians abroad are pioneering for Israel modern music. It surely would refresh and magnify our programmes if renowned artists from the States would follow this principle, and would acquaint us with the works of contemporary American composers. Their chamber-music works are nearly unknown here.

This opportunity was missed by the Claremont-Quartet now touring from New York to Canada, Australia, Israel and Europe. Those four young bespectacled men looking on the stage more like scientists than musicians incline to the West in their choice of programme.

Their strength lies in classical forms, and the Roger Quartet fully revealed their mastery of form and expression. It was given a natural, spontaneous and delightful interpretation.

In the change of programme we heard Mozart's F major Quartet, its first movement still cool and restrained. But from the Andante the instruments started to sing their parts, the cellist Mr. Irving Klein soaring on the wings of the music. In spirit it was quite un-Mozartian with its exaggerations of tempos and some misconception of style. The closing Beethoven was more gratifying, the perfect balance of voices essential for the polyphonic presentation of chamber music prominently rendered.

G.W.-B.

Newsweek
November 21, 1960
What the U.S. Election Means
Available everywhere

New Documentary Films

FOUR new documentary films were yesterday shown to the press in Jerusalem by the Government Central Office of Information. The shorts were generally acclaimed as a genuine local advance in this field.

The assignment of making a short on "The Regular Budget" was entertainingly achieved by Yoram Gross in the medium of white-line semi-animated cartoons on a black background. Dan Almagor wrote the rhymed commentary.

"Minor Repairs" directed and written by Dahn Ben Amotz and Haim Hefer and made in Heraliya Studios showed with its authors' characteristic humour, an armoured corps unit trying to repair a breakdown in a half-track while being fired on in a desert ambush. The missing tools in the driver's kit provided the moral of the film.

The point of the film "The Lines of a City," is about the sort of hitches that can occur through no fault of the post office. The theme is a harassed husband trying to put through an urgent call to a doctor, whose telephone receiver has been removed by his child. Further errors follow, but patience and correct dialing save the day, and perhaps the patient. Well shot, it was made in Geva Studios by Ze'ev Rav-Nof; script by Y. Huysman, and original score by Noemi Shemer.

The fourth short and the most comic is "The Director —the Film — and Nahal," produced in Heraliya Studios by Ze'ev Havatzelet, who also wrote the script. The life of Nahal boys and girls, their military training, farm work, and social life are put over from an oblique angle through the eyes of a clowning two-man film crew. The action is most convincingly spontaneous and the photography is top standard.

Generally, the scripts and commentaries of the first three films seemed to be aimed at an audience somewhat below adult standards, and there is a good deal of "talking down," a common feature of previous documentaries. These shorts are usually made with an eye to immigrants.

To date, some 50 documentaries have been produced in five and a half years by the Minhal Hasbara now replaced in this field by the Central Office of Information. The latter's Director, Mr. Zvi Zinder, and Mr. Y. Efrati, head of its film section, introduced the films.

S.C.

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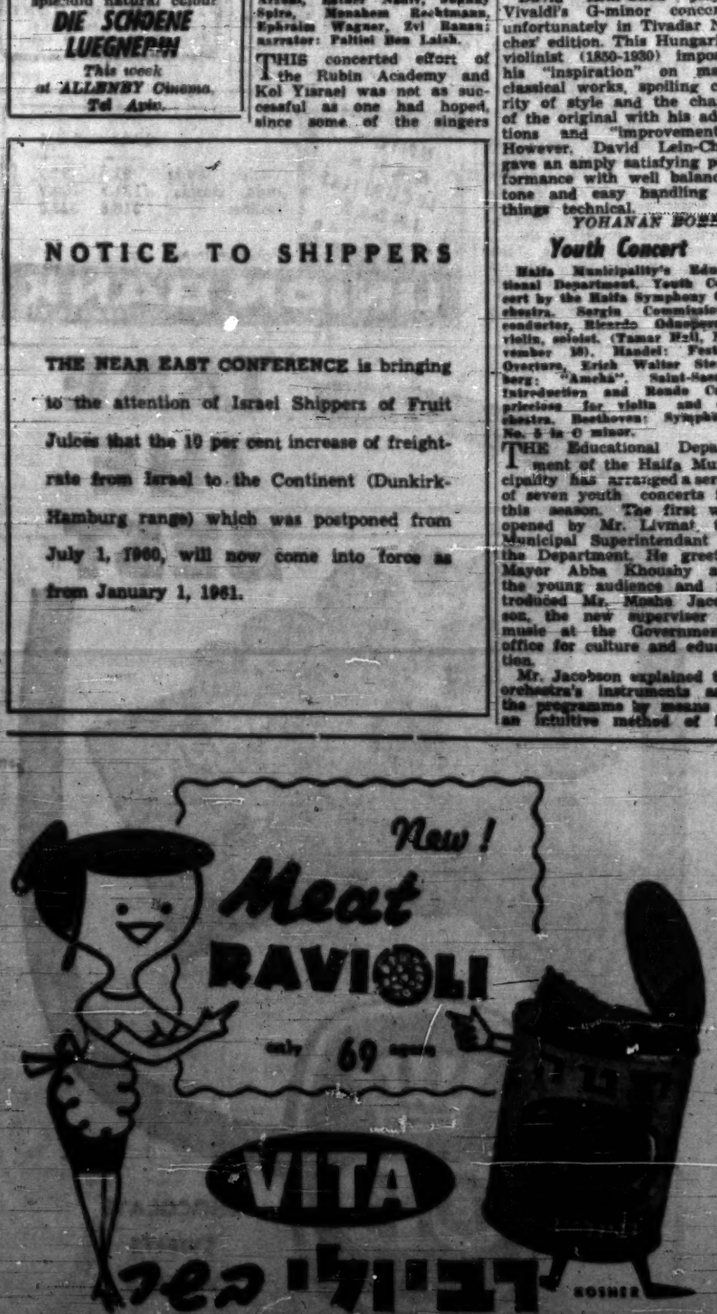

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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS

THE NEAR EAST CONFERENCE is bringing to the attention of Israel Shippers of Fruit Juices that the 10 per cent increase of freight-rate from Israel to the Continent (Dunkirk-Hamburg range) which was postponed from July 1, 1960, will now come into force as from January 1, 1961.

SUBSCRIBERS of the PHILATELIC SERVICE

Notices of payment on the imminent issue of memorial stamps on the Centenary of the birth of Henrietta Szold and on the 25th Zionist Congress have been sent out.

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